

No olvides tus pilas Duracell

PILAS PARA AUDÍFONOS DURACELL, TAMAÑO 10

Descripción.

PILA PARA AUDÍFONOS DURACELL, TAMAÑO 10: PILA DE LARGA DURACIÓN SIN MERCURIO Escucha cada momento gracias a las pilas para audífonos Duracell Specialty Hearing Aid de larga duración, provistas de EasyTab®.



Las pilas para audífonos Duracell con EasyTab® están codificadas por colores, por lo que no tendrás ningún problema en encontrar el tamaño adecuado. Además, las pilas para audífonos Duracell duran hasta 4 años en condiciones ambientales.

Su lengüeta EasyTab® extralarga hace sencillo el manejo y reemplazo de las pilas, mientras que su embalaje ligero resulta fácil de abrir.

*los resultados pueden variar por dispositivo.

Información técnica del producto.

1.45V Zinc Air - Producto fabricado en Alemania - 0% de mercurio

Ficha técnica.

Unidad de medida		EAN / UPC	Longitud	Anchura	Altura	Unidad de dimensión	Volumen
Blíster	IT	41333030180	5,1	48	94	MM	0,023
Case	CS	10041333030187	270	110	62	MM	1,841
Pallet	PNA	5000394046054	1.200,00	1.000	780,00	MM	0,94
Unidad de volumen	Peso bruto	Unidad de peso	Cantidad por interior	Cantidad por caso	Cantidad por capa	Cantidad por paleta	Capas
DM3	0,005	KG	10	50	1850	7200	4
DM3	0,34	KG	-	1	37	144	4
M3	153,745	KG	-	-	-	1	4

Article Information Sheet (AIS)

This Article Information Sheet (AIS) provides relevant battery information to retailers, consumers, OEMs and others users requesting a GHS-compliant SDS. Articles, such as batteries, are exempt from GHS SDS classification criteria. The GHS criteria is not designed or intended to be used to classify the physical, health and environmental hazards of an article. Branded consumer batteries are defined as electro-technical devices. The design, safety, manufacture, and qualification of branded consumer batteries follow ANSI and IEC battery standards. This document is based on principles set forth in the following hazard communication approaches: ANSI Z-400.1, GHS, JAMP AIS, and IEC 62474.

1. Document Information	December 1971 Alabata de Marca de 1971		
Document Name	Durace II Zinc Air Batteries (Hearing Aid Cells)		
Document ID	AIS-ZA		
Issue Date	16-Dec-15		
Version	4		
Preparer	Product Safety & Regulatory		
Last Revision	6/26/2018		
Information Contact	moquet.l@duracell.com		
2. Company Information			
Name & Address	Duracell US Operations, Inc., 14 Research Drive, Bethel, CT USA 06801		
Telephone	(203) 796- 4430		
Website	www.duracell.com		
Consumer Relations	North America: 1-800-551-2355 (9:00 AM - 5:00 PM EST)		
3. Article Information			
Description	Duracell branded consumer zinc air button cell battery		
Product Category	Electro-technical device		
Use	Portable power source for electronic devices		
Global sub-brands (Retail)	Duracell		
Sizes	10, 13, 312, 675		
	20, 20, 522, 573		
IEC Designation	PR70 (10), PR48 (13), PR41 (312), PR44 (675)		
Principles of Operation	A battery powers a device by converting stored chemical energy into electrical energy.		
	10		
Representative Product Image	DURACELL' GUARANTEED 4 YEARS IN THE SHARE SHARE SHARES IN THE SHARES IN		
Representative Product Image 4. Article Construction	DURACELL' GUARANTEED 4 YEARS IN THE SHARE SHARE SHARES IN THE SHARES IN		
Representative Product Image 4. Article Construction Applicable Battery Industry	DURACELL GUARANTEED 4 YEARS amage GUARANTEED 4 YEARS amage BEAUTION AND STREET AND ST		
Representative Product Image 4. Article Construction Applicable Battery Industry	ANSI C18.1M Part 1, ANSI C18.1M Part 2, ANSI C18.4, IEC 60086-1, IEC 60086-2, IEC		
Representative Product Image 4. Article Construction Applicable Battery Industry Standards	ANSI C18.1M Part 1, ANSI C18.1M Part 2, ANSI C18.4, IEC 60086-1, IEC 60086-2, IEC 60086-5. Button cells and batteries under 250 mAh capacity are exempt from any IEC		
Representative Product Image 4. Article Construction Applicable Battery Industry Standards Electro-technical System	ANSI C18.1M Part 1, ANSI C18.1M Part 2, ANSI C18.4, IEC 60086-1, IEC 60086-2, IEC 60086-5. Button cells and batteries under 250 mAh capacity are exempt from any IEC 60086-5 testing.		
A. Article Construction Applicable Battery Industry Standards Electro-technical System Anode (Electrode - Negative)	ANSI C18.1M Part 1, ANSI C18.1M Part 2, ANSI C18.4, IEC 60086-1, IEC 60086-2, IEC 60086-5. Button cells and batteries under 250 mAh capacity are exempt from any IEC 60086-5 testing. Zinc air Zinc (CAS # 7440-66-6)		
4. Article Construction Applicable Battery Industry Standards Electro-technical System Anode (Electrode - Negative) Cathode (Electrode - Positive)	ANSI C18.1M Part 1, ANSI C18.1M Part 2, ANSI C18.4, IEC 60086-1, IEC 60086-2, IEC 60086-5. Button cells and batteries under 250 mAh capacity are exempt from any IEC 60086-5 testing. Zinc air Zinc (CAS # 7440-66-6) Manganese Dioxide (CAS #1313-13-9)		
A. Article Construction Applicable Battery Industry Standards Electro-technical System Anode (Electrode - Negative)	ANSI C18.1M Part 1, ANSI C18.1M Part 2, ANSI C18.4, IEC 60086-1, IEC 60086-2, IEC 60086-5. Button cells and batteries under 250 mAh capacity are exempt from any IEC 60086-5 testing. Zinc air Zinc (CAS # 7440-66-6) Manganese Dioxide (CAS #1313-13-9) Alkali Metal Hydroxide (Aqueous Mixture: potassium hydroxide - CAS # 1310-58-3;		
4. Article Construction Applicable Battery Industry Standards Electro-technical System Anode (Electrode - Negative) Cathode (Electrode - Positive)	ANSI C18.1M Part 1, ANSI C18.1M Part 2, ANSI C18.4, IEC 60086-1, IEC 60086-2, IEC 60086-5. Button cells and batteries under 250 mAh capacity are exempt from any IEC 60086-5 testing. Zinc air Zinc (CAS # 7440-66-6) Manganese Dioxide (CAS #1313-13-9)		
A. Article Construction Applicable Battery Industry Standards Electro-technical System Anode (Electrode - Negative) Cathode (Electrode - Positive) Electrolyte Materials of Construction - Can	ANSI C18.1M Part 1, ANSI C18.1M Part 2, ANSI C18.4, IEC 60086-1, IEC 60086-2, IEC 60086-5. Button cells and batteries under 250 mAh capacity are exempt from any IEC 60086-5 testing. Zinc air Zinc (CAS # 7440-66-6) Manganese Dioxide (CAS #1313-13-9) Alkali Metal Hydroxide (Aqueous Mixture: potassium hydroxide - CAS # 1310-58-3; sodium hydroxide - CAS # 1310-73-2) Nickel plated steel		
A. Article Construction Applicable Battery Industry Standards Electro-technical System Anode (Electrode - Negative) Cathode (Electrode - Positive) Electrolyte	ANSI C18.1M Part 1, ANSI C18.1M Part 2, ANSI C18.4, IEC 60086-1, IEC 60086-2, IEC 60086-5. Button cells and batteries under 250 mAh capacity are exempt from any IEC 60086-5 testing. Zinc air Zinc (CAS # 7440-66-6) Manganese Dioxide (CAS #1313-13-9) Alkali Metal Hydroxide (Aqueous Mixture: potassium hydroxide - CAS # 1310-58-3; sodium hydroxide - CAS # 1310-73-2)		

AIS-ZA 1 of 4



Article Information Sheet (AIS)

Mercury Free Battery (ANSI C18.4M <5ppm)	Yes		
Small Cell or Battery (ANSI C18.1M Part 2; IEC 60086-5)	All sizes of button cell batteries fit inside a specially designed test cylinder 2.25 inches (57.1mm) long by 1.25 inches (31.70 mm) wide.		
5. Health & Safety			
Ingestion/Small Parts Warning	Required for sizes of button cell batteries: Keep away from children. If swallowed, consult a physician immediately.		
Normal Conditions of Use	Exposure to contents inside the sealed battery will not occur unless the battery leaks, is exposed to high temperatures, or is mechanically abused.		
Note to Physician	A damaged battery will release concentrated and caustic potassium hydroxide.		
First Aid - If swallowed	Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical attention immediately. For information on treatment, call 24 HOUR BATTERY INGESTION HOTLINE (telephone number below).		
24-HOUR BATTERY INGESTION HOTLINE	USA/CANADA CALLS ONLY: 1-800-498-8666 (toll-free)		
First Aid - Eye Contact	Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical care if irritation persists.		
First Aid - Skin Contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin with soap and water. Seek medical care if irritation persists.		
First Aid - Inhalation	Remove to fresh air.		
Precautionary Statements	CAUTION: Keep batteries away from children. If swallowed, consult a physician at once. Batteries can explode or leak if heated, disassembled, shorted, recharged, exposed to fire or high temparure or inserted incorrectly. Do not carry batteries loose in your pocket or purse.		
6. Fire Hazard & Firefighting			
Fire Hazard	Batteries may rupture or leak if involved in a fire.		
Extinguishing Media	Use any extinguishing media appropriate for the surrounding area.		
Fires Involving Large Quantities of Batteries	Large quantities of batteries involved in a fire will rupture and release caustic potassium hydroxide. Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing.		
7. Handling & Storage			
Handling Precautions	Avoid mechanical and electrical abuse. Do not short circuit or install incorrectly. Batteries may rupture or vent if disassembled, crushed, recharged or exposed to high temperatures. Install batteries in accordance with equipment instructions.		
Storage Precautions	Store batteries in a dry place at normal room temperature. Refrigeration does not make them last longer.		
Spills of Large Quantities of Loose Batteries (unpackaged)	Notify spill personnel of large spills. Irritating and flammable vapors may be released from leaking or ruptured batteries. Spread batteries apart to stop shorting. Eliminate all ignition sources. Evacuate area and allow vapors to dissipate. Clean-up personnel should wear appropriate PPE to avoid eye and skin contact and inhalation of vapors or fumes. Increase ventilation. Carefully collect batteries and place in appropriate container for disposal. Remove any spilled liquid with absorbent material and contain for disposal.		
8. Disposal Considerations (GHS Secti			
Collection & Proper Disposal	Dispose of used (or excess) batteries in compliance with federal, state/provincial and local regulations. Do not accumulate large quantities of used batteries for disposal as accumulations could cause batteries to short-circuit. Do not incinerate. In countries, such as Canada and the EU, where there are regulations for the collection and recycling of batteries, consumers should dispose of their used batteries into the collection network at municipal depots and retailers. They should not dispose of batteries with household trash.		

AIS-ZA 2 of 4

Article Information Sheet (AIS)

USA EPA RCRA (40 CFR 261)	Classified as non-hazardous waste (not ignitable, corrosive, reactive or toxic). Federal Universal Waste Regulations (40 CFR 273) do not apply. State requirements may be more stringent than Federal.		
California Universal Waste Rule (Cal. Code Regs. Title 22, Div. 4.5, Ch. 23)	California prohibits disposal of batteries as trash (including household trash).		
Vermont Primary Battery Stewardship Law (ACT 139)	In Vermont, consumers must recycle zinc air batteries. For information, contact http://www.call2recycle.org		
9. Transport Information (GHS Section	14)		
Regulatory Status	Not regulated. Zinc air batteries (sometimes referred to as "Dry Cell" or "household" batteries) are not listed or regulated as dangerous goods under IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations, ICAO Technical Instructions, IMDG Code, UN Model Regulations, U.S. Hazardous Materials Regulations (49 CFR), and UNECE ADR.		
UN Identification Number/ Shipping Name	None - Not Required		
Special Provision (SP) Conformance	Special regulatory provisions require batteries to be packaged in a manner that prevents the generation of a dangerous quantity of heat and short circuits. Shippers can prepare batteries by taping the terminals, individually packaging batteries, or otherwise segregating the batteries to prevent risk of creating a short circuit. Batteries shipped in original unopened Duracell packaging is compliant.		
US DOT SP	49 CFR 172.102 Special Provision 130		
Air Transport (IATA/ICAO) SP	Special Provision A123 (IATA 59th Edition - 2019). NOTE: The words "NOT RESTRICTED and "SPECIAL PROVISION A123" must be included on the description of the substance the Air Waybill, when air way-bill is issued.		
Passenger Air Travel	No restrictions		
Emergency Transportation Hotline	CHEMTREC 24-Hour Emergency Response Hotline Within the United States call +703-527-3887 Outside the United States, call +1 703-527-3887 (Collect)		
10. Regulatory Information (GHS Secti	ion 15)		
10a. Battery Requirements			
USA EPA Mercury Containing &	During the manufacturing process, no mercury is added.		
Rechargeable Battery Management Act of 1996			
EU Battery Directive 2006/66/EC & amendment 2013/56/EU	Compliant with marking and substance restrictions for mercury (<0.0005%); cadmium (<0.0020%) and lead (<0.0040%). Due to the size of the batteries, the marking is allowed to be printed on the packaging. A specimen of the marking is shown on the right:		
10b. General Requirements			
USA CPSIA 2008 (PL. 11900314)	Exempt		
USA CPSC FHSA (16 CFR 1500)	Consumer batteries are not listed as a hazardous product.		
USA EPA TSCA Section 13 (40 CFR	For customs clearance purpose, batteries are defined as an "Article".		
707.20) USA EPA RCRA (40 CFR 261)	Classified as non-hazardous waste (not ignitable, corrosive, reactive or toxic). Federal Universal Waste Regulations (40 CFR 273) do not apply. State requirements may be more stringent than Federal.		
	No warning required per 3rd party assessment.		
California Prop 65	No warrang required per 5rd party assessment.		

AIS-ZA 3 of 4

DURACELL

Article Information Sheet (AIS)

EU REACH REGULATION (EC) NO.	Regulated as an "article." No listed substances are present (>0.1% w/w) in accordance	
1907/2006	with ECJ article definition of 10 September 2015. If needed, a declaration (DoC)	
	confirming the current SVHC Candidate List can be downloaded from the Duracell web	
	site (https://www.duracell.com/en-us/for-business/) Folder: "Environmental &	
	Regulatory."	
EU REACH Article 31	SDS is not required consumer alkaline batteries.	
German Federal Water Management	Not applicable - primary zinc air batteries are articles.	
Act (WHG)		
10c. Regulatory Definitions - Articles		
USA OSHA	29 CFR 1910.1200(b)(6)(v)	
USATSCA	40 CFR 704.3; 710.2(3)(c); and [19 CFR 12.1209a)]	
EU REACH	Title 1 - Chapter 2 - Article 3(3)	
GHS	Section 1.3.2.1	
11. Other Information		
11a. AIS Hazard Communication Appr	oaches (consulted in developing this document):	
Globally Harmonized System (GHS)	GHS SDS requirements and classification criteria do not apply to articles or products	
	(such as batteries) that have a fixed shape, which are not intended to release a chemica	
	The article exemption is found in Section 1.3.2.1.1 of the GHS and reads: The GHS	
	applies to pure substances and their dilute solutions and to mixtures. "Articles" as	
	defined by the Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1900.1200) of the OSHA of	
	the USA, or by similar definition, are outside the scope of the system."	
	7	
loint Article Management Promotion	JAMP is a Japanese Industry Association who developed the concept of an Article	
Consortium JAMP	Information Sheet as a supply chain tool to share and communicate chemical	
	information in articles. The AIS authoring process is based on "declarable" substances	
	to meet global regulatory requirements as well as substances to be reported by GADSL,	
	JIG, etc.	
IEC 62474 Ed. 1.0 B:2012 Material	An international standard that came into effect in March 2012 concerning declaration	
Declaration for Products of and for	for electrical and electronic products. IEC 6274 replaces the defunct Joint Industry Guid	
the Electro-technical Industry	- Material Declaration for Electro-technical Products (JIG-101-Ed 4.1 (May 21, 2012)	
the Electro-technical middsd y	i Material Decialation for Electro-technical Products (NO-202-Ed 4.2 (May 22, 2022)	
IEC 62474 Database - Publically	The general principle for a substance to be included in the database as a declarable	
-	substance is: 1) existing national laws or regulations in an IEC member country that are	
Environmental Standardization for	relevant to Electro-technical products and that prohibit or restrict substances, or that	
electrical and electronic products and	have a labeling, communication, reporting or notification requirement, and 2) applying	
systems.	IEC 62474 criteria results in identification of declarable substance.	
- Jacobs	The delivered in the introduction of decidable substance.	
ANSI Z 400.1/Z19.1 (2010)	2.1 Scope: Applies to preparation of SDSs for hazardous chemicals used under	
	occupational conditions. Does not address how the standard may be applied to articles	
	It presents basic information on how to develop and write a SDS. Additional informatio	
	is provided to help comply with state and federal environmental and safety laws and	
	regulations. Elements of the standard may be acceptable for International use.	
DISCLAIMER: This AIS is intended to p	rovide a brief summary of our knowledge and guidance regarding the use of this	
material. The information contained	here has been compiled from sources considered by Duracell to be dependable and is	
	s knowledge. It is not meant to be an all-inclusive document on worldwide hazard	
	mation is offered in good faith. Each user of this material needs to evaluate the	
	opriate protective mechanisms to prevent employee exposures, property damage or	
release to the environment. Duracell	assumes no responsibility for injury to the recipient or third persons or for any dama	

AIS-ZA 4 of 4

to any property resulting from misuse of the product.